	Science Benchmarks
	Grade Seven
	The student will:
	Standard 1: NATURE OF SCIENCE Understand that science is ongoing and
	inventive, and that scientific understandings have changed over time as new
	evidence is found.
7-1a.	Give examples of how scientific knowledge and conceptual models and
, 14.	explanations have changed over time in the sciences.
7-1b.	Identify the people, cultures, and conditions that led to the changed scientific
,	knowledge and concepts over time.
7-1c.	Identify how the general rules of science apply to the development and use of
	evidence in scientific investigations and model making.
7-1d.	Understand the reasoning and evidence that confirms that science is one way of
	answering questions and explaining the natural world.
7-1e.	Describe ways in which scientific knowledge is shared and checked.
7-1f.	Identify and illustrate ways in which scientific knowledge is extended and how
	these processes change over time.
7-1g.	Explain the ways in which scientific knowledge is useful and limited when
	applied to social issues.
	Standard 2: SCIENCE INQUIRY
	Investigate questions using scientific methods and tools, revise their personal
	understanding to accommodate knowledge, and communicate these
	understandings to others.
7-2a.	Identify questions that they can investigate using resources and equipment that
<b>5.01</b>	they have available.
7-2b.	Identify data and locate sources of information to answer the questions being
7.0	investigated.
7-2c.	Design and safely conduct investigations that provide reliable data, appropriate
7 24	to answer their questions.
7-2d.	Extend prior knowledge to help develop a hypothesis for their investigations and
7-2e.	use the observations to check their prior knowledge.  Use accepted scientific knowledge, models, and theories to explain their results
7-26.	and to raise further questions about their investigations.
7-2f.	State what they have learned from investigations relating their prior knowledge
7-21.	to scientific knowledge and to data that they have collected.
7-2g.	Explain their data and conclusions in ways that allow an audience to understand
/ 2g.	the questions that they selected for investigation and the answers that they have
	developed.
7-2h.	Use computer software and other technologies to organize, process, and present
	their data.
7-2i.	Evaluate, explain, and defend the validity of questions, hypotheses, and
	conclusions to their investigations.
7-2j.	Discuss the importance of their results and implications of their work with peers,
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	teachers, and adults.
7-2k.	Raise further questions that still need to be answered.
7-2K.	Standard 3: PHYSICAL SCIENCE Demonstrate an understanding of the
	physical and chemical properties of matter, the forms, and properties of energy,
	and the ways in which matter and energy interact.
7-3a.	Explain how models of the atomic structures of matter have changed over time,
7-3a.	including historical models and modern atomic theory.
7-3b.	Illustrate the motion of objects by describing the forces acting on them.
7 30.	indicate the motion of objects by describing the forces dethig on them.
7-3c.	Apply commonly accepted definitions of energy to common physical and
	chemical interactions occurring in the laboratory and the outside world.
7-3d.	Distinguish that all matter is composed of atoms (atomic theory).
7-3e.	While conducting investigations, explain the motion of objects using concepts of
7-30.	speed, velocity, acceleration, friction, and change over time.
7-3f.	Investigate that heat can be transferred through materials by collisions of atoms
, 51	or across space by radiation, and if the material is fluid, currents will be set up in
	that to aid the transfer of heat (materials that do not conduct heat well can reduce
	heat loss).
7-3g.	Understand that any two objects exert a force of attraction based on the mass of
	the object and the distance between objects, which defines gravity.
7-3h.	Demonstrate that all energy can be considered either kinetic energy (energy of
	motion) or potential energy (depends on relative position or condition).
7-3i.	While conducting investigations, applying Newton's laws, explain the motion of
	objects by describing the forces acting on them.
7-3j.	Recognize an atom, molecule, element, and compound.
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7-3k.	Identify parts of matter known as proton, neutron, and electron.
7-31.	Know that arrangements of atoms into groups comprise all substances; and know
	that atoms are far too small to see directly through a microscope.
	Standard 4: EARTH & SPACE SCIENCE
	Demonstrate an understanding of the structure and systems of the Earth, other
	bodies in the universe, and their interactions.
7-4a.	Explain why the Earth is the only body in our solar system that appears able to
	support life.
7-4b.	Explain that the nine planets of differing sizes and surface features and with
	differing compositions move around the sun in nearly circular orbits, including
	some planets that have varieties of moons and rings of particles orbiting around
	them (i.e., one moon, many artificial satellites and debris orbit Earth).
7-4c.	Identify the phases of the moon.
7-4d.	Describe the composition and structure of the Earth's atmosphere.
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7-4e.	Explain that because of the tilt of the Earth's axis, sunlight and hence, heat falls
	more intensely on one part or another of the Earth during its one year revolution
	around the sun; the difference in heating of the Earth's surface produces the
	planet's seasons and weather patterns.
7-4f.	Know that the sun's gravitational pull keeps the Earth and other planets in the
	orbits just as the gravitational pull of planets keeps their moons in orbit around
7.4	them.
7-4g.	Know that the universe contains many billions of galaxies, each containing
7 41-	many billions of stars.
7-4h.	Know and be able to use light years in measuring space distances.
7-4i.	Know that many pieces of rock and ice orbit our sun; some meet the Earth in its
	orbit, glow and disintegrate from friction as they plunge through our atmosphere; other objects have long off-center or bits that bring them close to
	the sun, whose radiation gives off material and pushes it into a long, illuminated
	tail.
7-4j.	Know that the moon orbits around the Earth, resulting in the phases of the moon.
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	Standard 5: LIFE & ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE
	Demonstrate an understanding of the characteristics and structures of living
	things, the processes of life, and how living things interact with one another and
	their environment.
7-5a.	Investigate and compare the cells of the protist, moneran, and fungi kingdoms
	for the purpose of classification.
7-5b.	Describe how the inside of the cell is a variety of specialized structures that
	carry out such cell functions as energy production, transport of molecules, and
	the storage of the genetic material.
7-5c.	Show how different structures both reproduce and pass on characteristics of their
	group.
7-5d.	Show through investigation how organisms both depend on and contribute to the
	balance or imbalance of population and/or ecosystems, which in turn contribute
7.5	to the total system of life on the planet including predator/prey relationships.
7-5e.	Illustrate and explain how some of the changes on the earth are contributing to
	changes in the balance of life and affecting the survival or population growth of
7.55	certain species.
7-5f.	Illustrate how current trends in human resource use and population growth will influence the acceptations, and show current policies affect those trends
	influence the ecosystems, and show current policies affect those trends.  Standard 6: SCIENCE APPLICATIONS
	Demonstrate an understanding of the relationship between science and
	technology and the ways in which that relationship influences human activities.
7-6a.	Identify new careers that have been created due to discoveries in science and
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7-6b.	Illustrate the positive and negative effects of science and technology on the
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7-6c.	Design an experiment or model that will solve an environmental problem and be able to discuss potential side effects (i.e., simulation).
7-6d.	Research specific local, state, or regional problems to which there has been a possible scientific or technological solution including alternative proposals for courses of action.
7-6e.	Illustrate how science and technology are interdependent.
	Standard 7: SCIENCE IN SOCIAL & PERSONAL PERSPECTIVES Use scientific information and skills to make decisions about themselves, Wisconsin, and the world in which they live.
7-7a.	Describe how accuracy, bias, and credibility of sources affect the communication of scientific evidence by various media.
7-7b.	Demonstrate appropriate lab safety techniques and skills during laboratory activities.